Problems of Profiling and Collecting Data on Large and Complex Enterprises:

- ASI fails to identify the diversified product sold in a bundle by the firm.
- Since, Large and Complex enterprises produce various products and their production baskets are changing continuously, ASI sometimes fails to capture the newly added items.
- Due to fast changing nature of the products produced by the large and complex enterprises, National Industrial Classification 2008 (NIC 2008) Survey that captures those items in a particular category and hence those products are included in Others categories.
- This misallocation of newly added items undermine/overestimate the CVA estimates. Therefore, macro level estimates of key variables based on improper classification of those items may deviate to an extent.
- ASI provides data on selected variables. It fails to provide the information of important variables which are generated due to complex nature of the enterprises. For example, ASI only provides the information on Fixed Capital formation but it fails to bifurcate between ICT capital and Non-ICT capital.
- In ASI, there exists a large gap between Reference period and Date of Publication of Data. For example, in ASI 2015-2016, data collected from establishments relate to their respective accounting years that ended on any day between 1st April 2015 and 31st March 2016. Survey was conducted in the year 2015 (January to October, 2015) Final data of reference period 2015-16 was published in May 2018. This large gap between the reference period and final date of publication reduces the usability of the ASI data. MCA 21 data are also available after a considerable delay.
- When same raw material is used to produce different products, proper accounting is not maintained product wise.
- Companies with poor balance sheet fail to submit their returns resulting in biasness in reporting.